

Thailand Energy Sector

Year Ahead 2024: Resilient earnings, attractive valuation

BCP and PTT remain our Top Picks

We remain POSITIVE on the Thai energy sector given its resilient earnings outlook and attractive valuation. We forecast flattish aggregate earnings for the sector in FY24E followed by strong 13% growth in FY25E. At the same time, valuations remain attractive with average sector P/BV of 0.79x, well below its 10-year average of 1.14x. BCP remains our Top Pick on its gross refining margin (GRM) outperformance, potential upside risk from synergies, and lower P/E (5.5x) in the sector. We also like PTT for its earnings growth outlook and valuation discount, especially when compared to PTTEP. We upgrade our FY24E earnings for TOP by 55% and raise our TP to THB60 as we factor in lower cost associated with oil spill (from USD2/bbl to USD1/bbl in FY24E). The TP upgrade also incorporates the impact of rolling over our target price to end-2024E.

Muted oil price outlook

We maintain our oil price forecast at USD80/75 per bbl in 2024-25E, down from USD83/bbl in 2023. We expect oil demand growth to exceed 1mbd globally in 2024E, driven by resumption of jet fuel demand and continued growth in the petrochemical sector. This is likely to be sufficient to absorb global output growth of 1mbd. Despite continuing output growth in non-OPEC+ countries (US, Canada, Guyana and Brazil), we think voluntary output cuts by OPEC+ will be sufficient to keep the market balanced and oil prices in the USD80/bbl range.

Stay bullish refining

Refining remains our most preferred segment as we see on-going tightness in the refined product market lasting through at least 2025E. Our GRM forecast remains unchanged at USD7/bbl for both FY24E and FY25E. Slowdown in capacity addition (from 1.9mbd in 2023E to 1.1mbd in 2024E), low existing product inventories, and logistical inefficiencies will likely keep crack spreads elevated, led by diesel and jet fuel.

Potential regulatory changes and their impacts

We see potential downside risks to earnings for PTT and PTTGC if the proposed change to natural gas cost for gas separation plants (GSP) is to be adopted. This would increase the gas feed cost for GSP as it would create a single pool price which includes the price of the most costly LNG imports into the GSP feed cost structure. We estimate potential downside risks to earnings of up to 6.3%/5.5% in FY24/25E for PTT and 64%/39% for PTTGC based on prevailing prices in 3Q23.

POS	ΙT	IV	E
-----	----	----	---

[Unchanged]

Analyst

Chak Reungsinpinya (66) 2658 5000 ext 1399 chak.reungsinpinya@maybank.com

Stock	Bloomberg	Mkt cap	Rating	Price	TP	Upside	P/E	(x)	P/B	(x)	Div y	ld (%)
	code	(USD'm)		(LC)	(LC)	(%)	23E	24E	23E	24E	23E	24E
PTT	PTT TB	29,917	Buy	35.75	42.00	23	9.8	9.6	0.9	0.9	5.1	5.2
PTT E&P	PTTEP TB	17,388	Buy	149.50	194.00	36	7.6	7.8	1.2	1.1	6.8	6.6
PTTGC	PTTGC TB	5,086	Sell	38.50	28.00	(26)	95.7	38.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.3
Thai Oil	TOP TB	3,518	Buy	53.75	60.00	14	10.5	12.6	0.7	0.7	2.4	2.0
BCP	BCP TB	1,755	Buy	43.50	59.00	41	6.0	5.5	0.9	0.8	5.7	6.4
IRPC	IRPC TB	1,209	Buy	2.02	2.40	20	96.4	161.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.4
Star Petroleum	SPRC TB	1,048	Buy	8.25	12.40	56	9.9	7.2	0.9	0.9	6.3	6.3



1. BCP and PTT remain our top picks

1.1 Flattish earnings in FY24E; growth to resume in FY25E

We expect energy sector earnings to improve to flat growth in FY24E compared to the 38% YoY decline in FY23E due to the high-base in FY22A caused by the impacts from the war in Ukraine. We forecast aggregate sector profit of THB212b in FY24E, essentially unchanged from FY23E. This is because profit growth at PTT, BCP, and PTTGC are offset by lower earnings from PTTEP and TOP. However, we expect growth to resume in FY25E with a 11% YoY aggregate profit increase to THB235b, driven by PTT and TOP. Note that sector earnings in FY25E will still be below pre-war levels in FY21 mainly because of very weak profit at PTTGC due to the petrochemical downcycle.

Fig 1: Energy sector aggregate profit

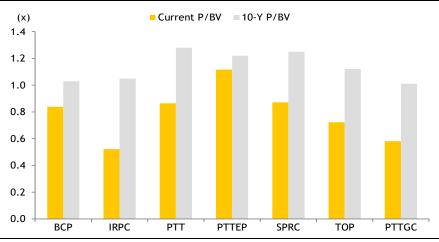
Company	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
ВСР	3,119	17,993	9,904	10,865	11,060
IRPC	6,028	622	428	255	1,710
PTT	146,790	160,536	104,170	106,116	121,288
PTTEP	44,137	90,721	77,636	75,716	70,678
SPRC	-168	9,510	3,617	4,993	5,801
TOP	4,579	45,125	11,464	9,520	17,041
PTTGC	42,878	13,792	1,814	4,531	7,387
Total profit	247,363	338,300	209,034	211,997	234,965

Source: Company, MST

1.2 Valuation remains attractive

We believe Thai energy sector valuations remain attractive with essentially all stocks trading well below their 10-year P/BV multiples. We think this steep valuation discount is unjustified given resilient earnings outlook and that the 10-year multiples include periods with very depressed valuations (downturns in 2016 and during Covid pandemic). Thai energy companies are also active in pursuing their carbon emissions goals with most companies that we cover aspiring to achieve Net Zero by 2050 and others by 2060.

Fig 2: Thai energy current P/BV vs 10-year average



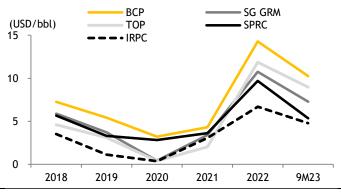
Source: Company, MST



1.3 BCP is our refinery top pick

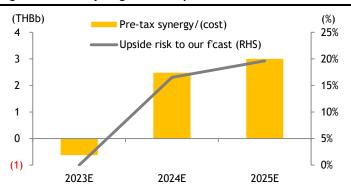
BCP remains our top pick for three main reasons. First, BCP consistently outperforms its peers in terms of GRM, as it is best positioned to take advantage of low light-sweet crude premium and high diesel crack spread (of which BCP has the highest yield among Thai refiners). Second, it is the only company that will benefit from earnings accretion from acquisition with potential upside from synergy which offers up to 17% and 20% upside risks to our FY24-25E earnings forecasts, respectively. Lastly, BCP faces limited headwinds, neither in its operations (oil spill impact TOP and SPRC) nor exposure to petrochemical downcycle (IRPC, PTTGC). Valuations remain attractive at 0.8x P/BV, 5.5x P/E and 3.6x EV/EBITDA for FY24E.

Fig 3: BCP's consistent GRM outperformance vs peers



Source: Company, MST

Fig 4: Potential synergies offer upside risks to FY24-25E

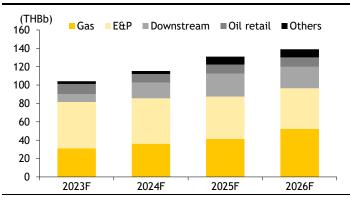


Source: Company, MST

1.4 PTT best of the big-caps

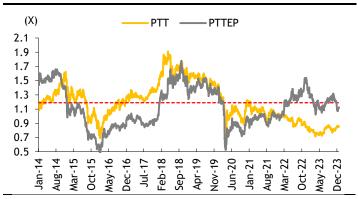
We like PTT the most among big-cap energy names. First, we expect 8% normalised EPS CAGR in FY24-25E driven by margin expansion for core gas business (falling gas cost) and subsidiaries' earnings growth (mostly refining). Second, we view PTT as attractively valued at just 0.86x P/BV (vs 10-year average 1.2x and our TP implied P/BV of 1.0x). PTT is also trading at a 0.25x P/BV discount to PTTEP's 1.12x P/BV compared to its historical premium of 0.06x. Last, PTT offers high dividend yields of 5.1%-5.9% in FY23-25E. While potential regulatory changes pose potential downside risks (details below), we think the long-term impact is much less than the current price levels would imply and the risk is likely priced in.

Fig 5: PTT net profit breakdown



Source: Company, MST

Fig 6: PTT P/BV vs PTTEP's



Source: Company, MST



2. Muted oil price outlook

2.1 Maintain our Brent oil price forecasts at USD80/75 per bbl in 2024/25E

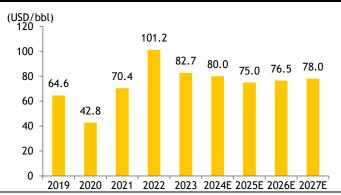
We maintain our Brent oil price forecasts of USD80/bbl in 2024E and USD75/bbl in 2025E, down from USD83/bbl in 2023. Despite slower demand growth and rising output by non-OPEC+ countries (led by the US, Canada, Brazil, Guyana, and Norway), we believe OPEC+ will continue to maintain a balance in the oil market. The recent round of voluntary cuts for 1Q24, which are deeper and have greater participation by OPEC+ member countries, is an encouraging sign that the group will continue to work together going forward.

Fig 7: Brent oil prices



Source: Bloomberg, MST

Fig 8: Our Brent oil price forecasts

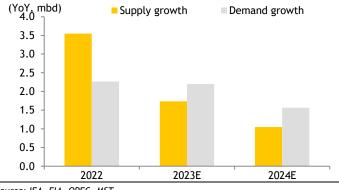


Source: Bloomberg, MST

2.2 Demand growth likely to exceed 1mbd in 2024E Diverging demand forecasts

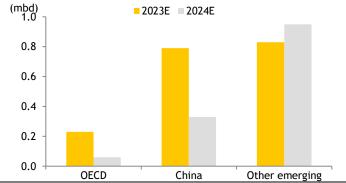
Oil demand growth forecasts for 2024E remain divergent among major forecasters. The International Energy Agency (IEA) remains the most bearish of the three, expecting just 1.1mbd demand growth next year. Even so, this figure has already been revised upwards in Dec from the 0.93mbd the IEA had forecasted earlier. At the opposite end, OPEC remains the most bullish with its forecast of 2.25mbd demand growth in 2024E following 2.45mbd growth in 2023E. OPEC expects robust growth even for developed markets (+0.26mbd) as well as accelerating growth in Asia ex China & India as well as in other emerging economies. The US Energy Information Administration's (EIA) forecast is in the middle as it forecasts 1.34mbd demand growth in 2024E. We note, however, that the EIA's forecast for 2023E is the most conservative at just 1.85mbd growth vs the IEA's 2.3mbd and OPEC's 2.45mbd.

Fig 9: Avg oil demand/supply growth by major agencies



Source: IEA, EIA, OPEC, MST

Fig 10: Oil demand growth by region

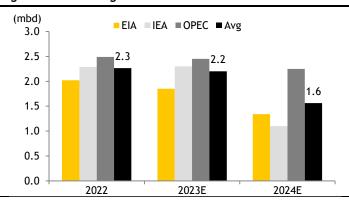


Source: IEA, MST



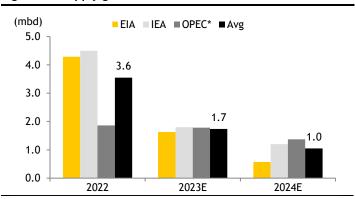
Regardless of the forecasts, we believe demand growth is likely to be well above 1mbd. This is because jet fuel demand remains almost 1mbd below its pre-COVID level while demand for petrochemical feedstock is likely to keep increasing given significant new capacity. The average demand forecasts for the three agencies stand at 1.56mbd for 2024E and the median value being 1.34mbd.

Fig 11: Oil demand growth forecasts



Source: IEA, EIA, OPEC, MST

Fig 12: Oil supply growth forecasts



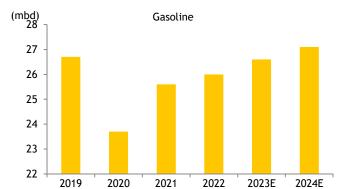
Source: IEA, EIA, OPEC, MST

Note: OPEC forecasts for non-OPEC supply growth only

Jet fuel remains the key growth driver

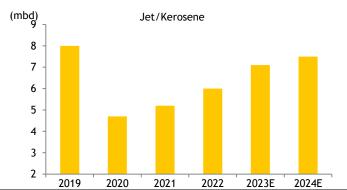
Part of the reason global oil demand growth is likely to be well over 1.0mbd in 2024E is the normalization of jet fuel demand. At just 7.1mbd, demand for jet fuel in 2023E is still nearly 1mbd below where it was in 2019. In 2024E, jet fuel demand is likely to grow another 400kbd to 7.5mbd which is still half a million bpd below its 2019 level. We also expect gasoline demand to continue growing albeit at a slower pace (+0.4mbd in 2024E vs +0.6mbd in 2023E). On the other hand, demand for diesel/gasoil is likely to remain stagnant on lower electricity generation usage. Likewise, demand for residual fuel oil is likely to normalize as its usage in electricity generation continues to normalize from a very high base in 2022 (due to gas shortage in that year).

Fig 13: Global gasoline demand



Source: IEA, MST

Fig 14: Global jet fuel/kerosene demand



Source: IEA, MST

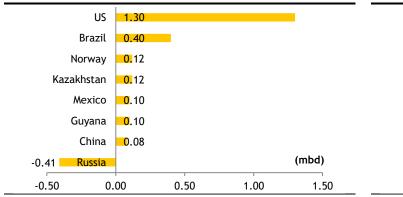


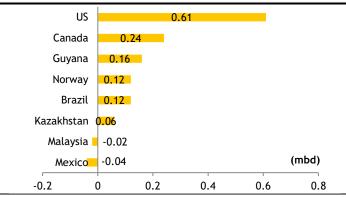
2.3 Non-OPEC+ production growth to cap oil prices US continues to lead output growth

As was the case in 2023, we expect global supply growth to be driven by non-OPEC+ countries in 2024E. The US will again lead production growth, although the pace of increase is set to slow down markedly to 0.6mbd in 2024E from 1.3mbd in 2023E. Canada is emerging as a surprise growth driver with potentially up to 240kbd of growth. The other countries that will see significant output increases are Guyana (160kbd), Norway (120kbd), and Brazil (120kbd).

Fig 15: 2023E output growth by selected country

Fig 16: 2024E output growth by selected country





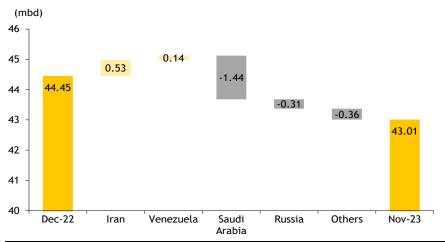
Source: OPEC, MST

Source: OPEC, MST

Rising production from Iran and Venezuela

Rising output from Iran and Venezuela has further complicated OPEC+ efforts to balance the market in 2023. In Nov 2023, Iranian output has grown to 3.19mbd, up 530kbd (20%) from the Dec 2022 level. Similarly, Venezuelan output grew 140kbd YTD, equivalent to 21% production growth. We believe output from these two nations may climb further in 2024E given easing sanction measures and enforcement by Western countries.

Fig 17: Changes in OPEC+ output YTD



Source: IEA, MST



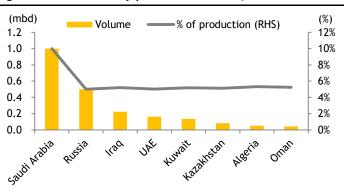
2.4 Voluntary cuts by OPEC+ to balance the market

Despite continued growth in non-OPEC+ output growth (US, Brazil, Guyana) and potential for further increases in Iranian and Venezuelan supplies, we believe the additional voluntary cuts announced by OPEC+ will be sufficient to balance the market. The extra voluntary cuts amounting to 2.2mbd include rollover of voluntary cuts of 1mbd by Saudi Arabia and 0.3mbd by Russia. In addition, Russia has promised to reduce its fuel export by another 0.2mbd, bringing its voluntary reduction to 0.5mbd. Unlike in the preceding 4 months, this time around, the two major producers will be joined by other OPEC+ countries. Iraq will reduce output by 223kbd, UAE by 163kbd, Kuwait 135kbd, Kazakhstan 82kbd, Algeria 51kbd and Oman 42kbd. These cuts are equivalent to about 5% of existing production for these countries. We think the broad-based effort shows OPEC+ intent to help balance the market which would help keep oil prices in the USD80/bbl range.

Fig 18: Actual and target output for OPEC+19 in the cut deal

(mbd) Actual output Target 44 42 40 38 36 34 32 Jun Aug Oct Feb Dec Feb Apr Jun Aug 0ct Dec 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 24

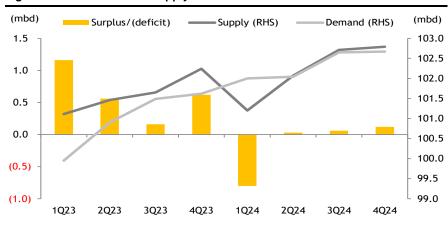
Fig 19: OPEC+ voluntary production cuts 1Q24



Source: IEA, MST Source: IEA, MST

Based on current demand growth, we think 1Q24 could see oil supply deficit if OPEC+ carries out its voluntary cut to the full extent. This is also partially aided by the seasonal dip in US output. Heading into 2Q-4Q24E, we think the market will be relatively balanced with potential for small surpluses.

Fig 20: Global oil demand/supply balance



Source: EIA, MST



3. Stay bullish refining

3.1 Singapore GRM forecasts at USD7/bbl in 2024-25E

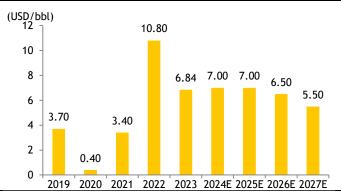
We maintain our Singapore gross refining margin (GRM) forecasts at USD7.0/bbl in 2024-25E as we expect demand/supply balance to remain tight. We forecast GRM will drop marginally to USD6.5/bbl in 2026E. Our long-term assumption from 2027E is USD5.5/bbl which we view as conservative given the long-term average of USD6.1/bbl (2006-19 average).

Fig 21: Singapore GRM



Source: Company, MST

Fig 22: Our Singapore GRM forecasts

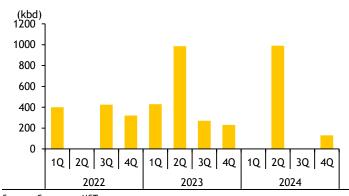


Source: Company, MST

3.2 Slower pace of refinery start-ups

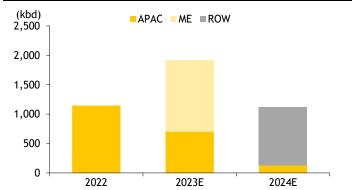
We expect the pace of new refinery start-ups to slow markedly, from over 1.9mbd in 2023E to just 1.1mbd in 2024E. This is likely to match with demand growth of 1mbd or more, keeping the market relatively tight. Moreover, the majority of new capacity is located in Africa and North America with just 130kbd of capacity being added in Asia Pacific / Middle East. The biggest refinery start-ups next year are Dangote refinery in Nigeria (650kbd) and Dos Bocas refinery in Mexico (340kbd). The regional capacity growth in 2024E contrasts sharply with 2022-23E where essentially all of the new refining capacity was located in APAC and the Middle East. Given that Asia Pacific and the Middle East will likely account for 50% or more of global demand growth, the relatively little new capacity in these two regions will likely support Singapore gross refining margins.

Fig 23: Quarterly refinery start-ups



Source: Company, MST

Fig 24: New refinery start-ups by region



Source: Company, MST

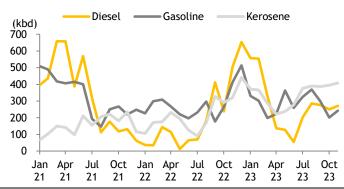


3.3 Lower China's and India's oil product exports

China's exports of oil products remained well contained in recent months. While diesel exports recovered to 270kbd in Nov, this was less than half of the peak seen in Dec 2022. Likewise, gasoline exports remained subdued at 240kbd, well below the peak of 510kbd. Note that exports of jet fuel/kerosene continued to rise although this was likely driven by more international flights as China accounted for jet fuel on outbound flights as exports.

Going forward, we expect China's exports of oil products to remain subdued. For one, the government has maintained its cap on crude oil import quotas for independent (so-called "teapot") refineries at 243m tons for 2024, unchanged from 2022-23 levels. This is likely to limit the volume of feedstock these refineries have. In fact, we have seen utilization rates among independent refiners retreat in recent months, likely due to lack of feedstock. The recent additional quota for fuel oil import of 3m tons is likely to be just a small and temporary reprieve. For state-owned refineries, we also expect their product exports to be restricted by limited export quotas as well as stronger domestic demand.

Fig 25: China net exports of diesel and gasoline



Source: Bloomberg, MST

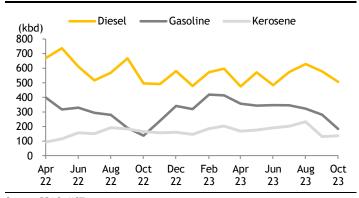
Fig 26: China refinery utilization rates



Source: Bloomberg, MST

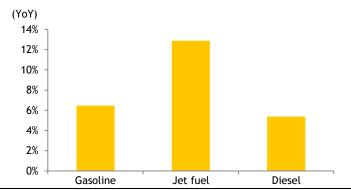
Besides China's exports, India's exports of oil products has also been coming down in recent months. During Apr-Oct 2023, India's exports of diesel, gasoline and kerosene declined by 1% from the same period of last year. This was mostly driven by a 10% YoY decline in diesel exports which more than offset growth in other product categories. We believe part of the reason for India's reduced export volume was the growth in domestic consumption as demand for these fuels grew 6-13% YoY during this period.

Fig 27: India's exports of oil products



Source: PPAC, MST

Fig 28: India's YoY demand growth (Apr-Nov 2023)



Source: PPAC, MST



3.4 Inventories remain well below 5-year averages

Inventories for key refined products remain low compared to historical levels. In the US, gasoline inventories are 2% below their 5-year average for this time of year whereas middle distillate inventories (diesel, jet fuel) are 10% below their 5-year average.

Fig 29: US gasoline inventories

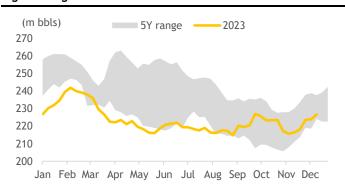
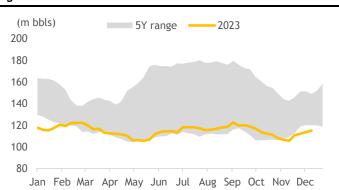


Fig 30: US middle distillate inventories



Source: EIA, MST Source: EIA, MST

Similarly, inventories in Singapore - a key oil trading hub for Asia - remain at the low end of the range. Distillate inventories are 27% below their 5-year average for this time of year. At the same time, residue inventories (mostly fuel oil for ship bunkering) are 8% below their 5-year average. Only inventories of light distillates (which include naphtha for petrochemical feedstock and gasoline) are 2% above their 5-year average.

Fig 31: Singapore distillate inventories

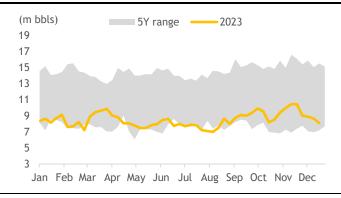
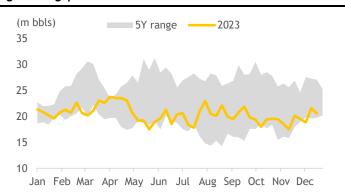


Fig 32: Singapore residue inventories



Source: EIA, MST Source: EIA, MST

3.5 Diesel crack spread continues to lead

We expect diesel crack spreads will continue to lead the pack. This is because of the low diesel inventories globally, limited supplies of crude oils that produce the most diesel yield, and limited impact of EVs on diesel demand. Diesel may also benefit from the knock-on impacts of increasing jet fuel demand, both coming from the middle distillate pool. On the other hand, we think high sulfur fuel oil (HSFO) will continue to suffer from the impacts of IMO2020 and increasing adoption of alternative ship bunkering fuels (LNG, LPG, and others).

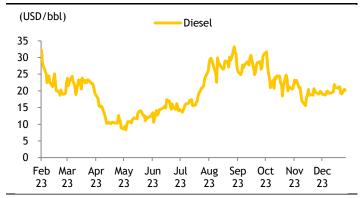
Thailand Energy Sector

Fig 33: Gasoline crack spread over Dubai



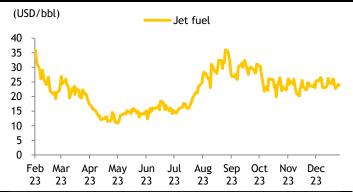
Source: Bloomberg, MST

Fig 35: Diesel crack spread over Dubai



 ${\it Source: Bloomberg, MST}$

Fig 34: Jet fuel crack spread over Dubai



Source: Bloomberg, MST

Fig 36: High-sulfur fuel oil (HSFO) crack spread over Dubai



Source: Bloomberg, MST



4. Potential regulatory changes and their impacts

4.1 Proposed change to gas cost structure for GSP Existing price structure

Currently, the feed cost for PTT's GSP (gas separation plants) is based on domestic gas prices only. This is because it only uses gas produced in the Gulf of Thailand as feedstock. The imported gas - either from Myanmar or liquefied natural gas (LNG) - does not contain the wet gas components and thus cannot be used as feedstock for GSP. For all other consumers of natural gas (especially the power sector), however, the feed cost comprises a blend of the domestic gas and imported gas.

Fig 37: Domestic vs global LNG prices

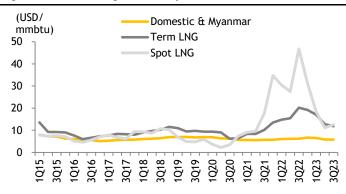
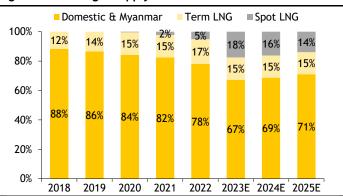


Fig 38: Thailand gas supply mix



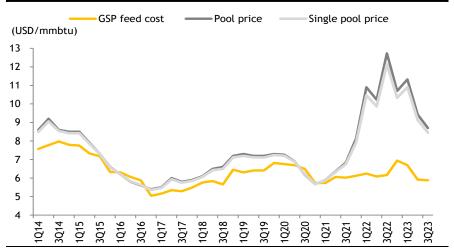
Source: Company, MST

Source: Company, MST

Proposed change to gas pricing structure

The proposed change to the gas price structure is for GSP to use the same blended cost (so-called "single pool price") as every other sector. This means the price of GSP feed cost will also include the cost of LNG imports even though GSP does not actually use LNG as feedstock. In the current price environment, this change could substantially increase the feed cost for GSP. At the same time, it could marginally help reduce the pool gas cost for all other sectors.

Fig 39: GSP and pool gas prices vs theoretical "single price"

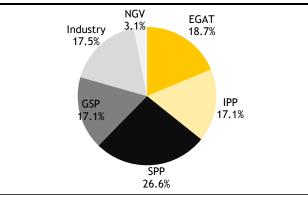


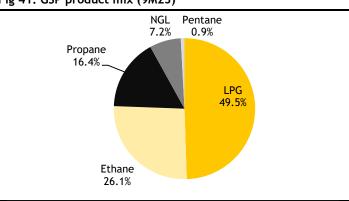
Source: Company, MST

Based on 3Q23 actual prices, we estimate that GSP feed cost would increase by USD2.6/mmbtu (from 5.9 to 8.5 USD/mmbtu). At the same time, the pool gas price would be reduced by USD0.2/mmbtu (from 8.7 to 8.5 USD/mmbtu). In our calculation of this "single pool price", we also assume that only half of GSP feed gas will be subjected to the new pricing structure. This is because half of GSP output is LPG for cooking gas which PTT is already selling at cost. If the government were to increase the feed cost for this portion, it would lead to increases in the price of cooking gas as well. We think this is undesirable from a political point of view.

Fig 40: Thailand natural gas consumption by sector (9M23)

Fig 41: GSP product mix (9M23)





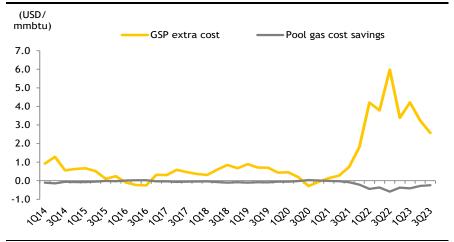
Source: Company, MST

Source: Company, MST

4.2 Potential impacts - PTTGC most at risk

While we still do not know if or when the proposed change will be adopted, if they were to be adopted today, we estimate the total impact to PTT group to be about THB12b pre-tax pa based on 3Q23 prices. We estimate the increase in GSP gas feed cost to be THB3.34b pa. On the other hand, PTT would partially benefit from lower feed cost for other gas units, chiefly gas sales to industrial users (IUs) and natural gas for vehicles (NGV). We estimate this positive margin impact to be THB370m pa.

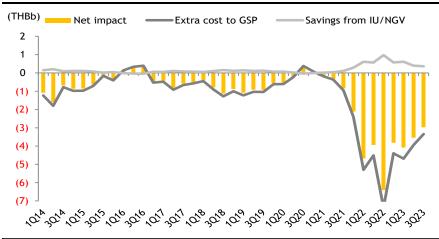
Fig 42: Potential additional costs for GSP



Source: Company, MST

Additionally, we still do not know how the extra cost burden would be shared between PTT and PTTGC under this scenario. This is because PTT sells ethane gas feedstock to PTTGC based on a profit-sharing mechanism whereas all other gases (propane, etc) are sold at market prices. Assuming PTT is responsible for 70% of total cost increase, we estimate the negative profit impact to be THB6.7b in FY24-25E for PTT (equivalent to 6.3% and 5.5% potential downside risks in FY24-25E, respectively). The potential negative impact on PTTGC is THB2.88b pa, or -64% and -39% of FY24-25E profit, respectively.

Fig 43: Potential impact on PTT group's P/L based on historical data



Source: Company, MST

We note that, historically, the difference between domestic gas (basis for GSP feed cost) and pool price (which also incorporates LNG import cost) has not always been as large as in the most recent quarters. The war in Ukraine has pushed up gas prices globally since early 2022 but prices are now returning to a more normal level. Had we applied this change to pricing structure to pre-war levels (2014-2021 data), we estimate the potential negative impact to PTT group as a whole to be just THB2.6b pa on average. Even if we account for the need for Thailand to import more LNG than in the past, we think the total negative impact to PTT group long-term would be less than THB5b pa.

Fig 44: Potential P/L impacts (assume 70/30 PTT/PTTGC split)

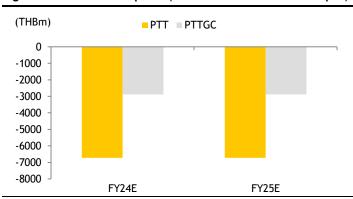
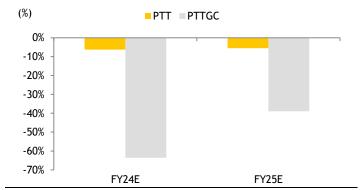


Fig 45: Potential impact on P/L (% of forecast earnings)



Source: Company, MST Source: Company, MST



Research Offices

ECONOMICS

Suhaimi ILIAS Chief Economist Malaysia | Philippines | Global (603) 2297 8682 suhaimi_ilias@maybank-ib.com

CHUA Hak Bin

Regional Thematic Macroeconomist chuahb@maybank.com

Dr Zamros DZULKAFLI Malaysia | Philippines (603) 2082 6818 zamros.d@maybank-ib.com

Erica TAY China | Thailand (65) 6231 5844 erica.tay@maybank.com

Brian LEE Shun Rong Indonesia | Singapore | Vietnam (65) 6231 5846 brian.lee1@maybank.com

Fatin Nabila MOHD ZAINI (603) 2297 8685 fatinnabila.mohdzaini@maybank-ib.com

Luong Thu Huong (65) 6231 8467 hana.thuhuong@maybank.com

FX

Saktiandi SUPAAT Head of FX Research (65) 6320 1379 saktiandi@maybank.com

(65) 6320 1374 fionalim@maybank.com

Alan LAU (65) 6320 1378 alanlau@maybank.com

Shaun LIM (65) 6320 1371 shaunlim@maybank.com

STRATEGY

Anand PATHMAKANTHAN

(603) 2297 8783 anand.pathmakanthan@maybank-ib.com

FIXED INCOME

Winson PHOON, FCA Head of Fixed Income (65) 6340 1079 winsonphoon@maybank.com

(603) 2074 7606 munyi.st@maybank-ib.com

PORTFOLIO STRATEGY

ONG Seng Yeow (65) 6231 5839

MIBG SUSTAINABILITY RESEARCH

Jigar SHAH Head of Sustainability Research (91) 22 4223 2632 jigars@maybank.com

Neerav DALAL (91) 22 4223 2606 neerav@maybank.com

REGIONAL EQUITIES

Anand PATHMAKANTHAN Head of Regional Equity Research (603) 2297 8783 anand.pathmakanthan@maybank-ib.com

WONG Chew Hann, CA Head of ASEAN Equity Research (603) 2297 8686 wchewh@maybank-ib.com

ΜΑΙ ΔΥSΙΔ

WONG Chew Hann, CA Head of Research (603) 2297 8686 wchewh@maybank-ib.com • Equity Strategy • Non-Bank Financials (stock exchange) • Construction & Infrastructure

Anand PATHMAKANTHAN (603) 2297 8783

anand.pathmakanthan@maybank-ib.com
• Equity Strategy

Desmond CH'NG, BFP, FCA (603) 2297 8680 desmond.chng@maybank-ib.com • Banking & Finance

ONG Chee Ting, CA (603) 2297 8678 ct.ong@maybank-ib.com

· Plantations - Regional

YIN Shao Yang, CPA (603) 2297 8916

• Gaming - Regional • Media • Aviation • Non-Bank Financials

TAN Chi Wei. CFA (603) 2297 8690 chiwei.t@maybank-ib.com Power • Telcos

WONG Wei Sum, CFA (603) 2297 8679 weisum@maybank-ib.com

Property • Glove

(603) 2297 8687 jade.tam@maybank-ib.com

Consumer Staples & Discretionary

Nur Farah SYIFAA (603) 2297 8675

nurfarahsyifaa.mohamadfuad@maybank-ib.com
• Renewable Energy • REITs

LOH Yan Jin (603) 2297 8687 lohyanjin.loh@maybank-ib.com

· Ports · Automotive · Technology (EMS)

Jeremie YAP (603) 2297 8688 jeremie.yap@maybank-ib.com
• Oil & Gas • Petrochemicals

(603) 2297 8692 arvind.jayaratnam@maybank.com
• Technology (Semicon & Software)

TEE Sze Chiah Head of Retail Research (603) 2082 6858 szechiah.t@maybank-ib.com
• Retail Research

Nik Ihsan RAJA ABDULLAH, MSTA, CFTe (603) 2297 8694 nikmohdihsan.ra@maybank-ib.com Chartist

Amirah AZMI (603) 2082 8769 amirah.azmi@maybank-ib.com

Retail Research

SINGAPORE

Thilan WICKRAMASINGHE Head of Research (65) 6231 5840 thilanw@maybank.com
Banking & Finance - Regional
Consumer

Eric ONG (65) 6231 5849

ericong@maybank.com
• Healthcare • Transport • SMIDs

LI Jialin

(65) 6231 5845 jialin.li@maybank.com • REITs

Jarick SEET (65) 6231 5848 jarick.seet@maybank.com Technology

Krishna GUHA (65) 6231 5842 krishna.guha@maybank.com
• REITs

PHILIPPINES

Rachelleen RODRIGUEZ, CFA Head of Research (63) 2 8849 8843 rachelleen.rodriguez@maybank.com • Banking & Finance • Transport • Telcos

Utilities

Daphne SZE (63) 2 8849 8847 daphne.sze@maybank.com
• Consumer

Alexa Mae CARVAJAL (63) 2 8849 8838 alexamae.carvajal@maybank.com • Consumer • Gaming • Property • REITs

THAILAND

Chak REUNGSINPINYA Head of Research (66) 2658 5000 ext 1399 chak.reungsinpinya@maybank.com
• Strategy • Energy

Jesada TECHAHUSDIN, CFA (66) 2658 5000 ext 1395 jesada.t@maybank.com

Banking & Finance

Wasu MATTANAPOTCHANART

(66) 2658 5000 ext 1392 wasu.m@maybank.com • Telcos • Technology • REITs • Property Consumer Discretionary

Surachai PRAMIJAI CHAROFNKIT (66) 2658 5000 ext 1470 surachai.p@maybank.com
• Auto • Conmat • Contractor • Steel

Suttatip PEERASUB (66) 2658 5000 ext 1430 suttatip.p@maybank.com
• Food & Beverage • Commerce

Natchaphon RODJANAROWAN (66) 2658 5000 ext 1393 natchaphon.rodjanarowan@maybank.com • Utilities

Boonyakorn AMORNSANK (66) 2658 5000 ext 1394 boonyakorn.amornsank@maybank.com

Services

INDONESIA

Jeffrosenberg CHENLIM Head of Research (62) 21 8066 8680 jeffrosenberg.lim@maybank.com • Strategy • Banking & Finance • Property

Willy GOUTAMA (62) 21 8066 8500 willy.goutama@maybank.com • Consumer

Etta Rusdiana PUTRA (62) 21 8066 8683 etta.putra@maybank.com
• Telcos • Internet • Construction

William Jefferson W (62) 21 8066 8563 william.jefferson@maybank.com

Adi WICAKSONO (62) 21 8066 8686 adi.wicaksono@mavbank.com

 Plantations Satriawan HARYONO, CEWA, CTA (62) 21 8066 8682

satriawan@maybank.com Chartist

VIETNAM

Property

Quan Trong Thanh Head of Research (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8184 thanh.quan@maybank.com • Strategy • Banks

Hoang Huy, CFA (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8181 hoanghuy@maybank.com • Strategy • Technology

Le Nguyen Nhat Chuyen (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8082 chuyen.le@maybank.com
• Oil & Gas • Logistics

Nguyen Thi Sony Tra Mi (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8084 trami.nguyen@maybank.com
Consumer Discretionary

Tran Thi Thanh Nhan (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8088 nhan.tran@maybank.com Consumer Staples

Nguyen Le Tuan Loi (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8182 loi.nguyen@maybank.com Property

Nguyen Thanh Hai (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8081 thanhhai.nguyen@maybank.com
Industrials

Nguven Thanh Lam (84 28) 44 555 888 ext 8086 thanhlam.nguyen@maybank.com • Retail Research



APPENDIX I: TERMS FOR PROVISION OF REPORT, DISCLAIMERS AND DISCLOSURES

DISCLAIMERS

This research report is prepared for general circulation and for information purposes only and under no circumstances should it be considered or intended as an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities referred to herein. Investors should note that values of such securities, if any, may fluctuate and that each security's price or value may rise or fall. Opinions or recommendations contained herein are in form of technical ratings and fundamental ratings. Technical ratings may differ from fundamental ratings as technical valuations apply different methodologies and are purely based on price and volume-related information extracted from the relevant jurisdiction's stock exchange in the equity analysis. Accordingly, investors' returns may be less than the original sum invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. This report is not intended to provide personal investment advice and does not take into account the specific investment objectives, the financial situation and the particular needs of persons who may receive or read this report. Investors should therefore seek financial, legal and other advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in any securities or the investment strategies discussed or recommended in this report.

The information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but such sources have not been independently verified by Maybank Investment Bank Berhad, its subsidiary and affiliates (collectively, "Maybank IBG") and consequently no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of this report by Maybank IBG and it should not be relied upon as such. Accordingly, Maybank IBG and its officers, directors, associates, connected parties and/or employees (collectively, "Representatives") shall not be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential losses or damages that may arise from the use or reliance of this report. Any information, opinions or recommendations contained herein are subject to change at any time, without prior notice.

This report may contain forward looking statements which are often but not always identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "expect", "forecast", "predict" and "project" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "can", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Such forward looking statements are based on assumptions made and information currently available to us and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue relevance on these forward-looking statements. Maybank IBG expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any such forward looking statements to reflect new information, events or circumstances after the date of this publication or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Maybank IBG and its officers, directors and employees, including persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may, to the extent permitted by law, from time to time participate or invest in financing transactions with the issuer(s) of the securities mentioned in this report, perform services for or solicit business from such issuers, and/or have a position or holding, or other material interest, or effect transactions, in such securities or options thereon, or other investments related thereto. In addition, it may make markets in the securities mentioned in the material presented in this report. One or more directors, officers and/or employees of Maybank IBG may be a director of the issuers of the securities mentioned in this report to the extent permitted by law.

This report is prepared for the use of Maybank IBG's clients and may not be reproduced, altered in any way, transmitted to, copied or distributed to any other party in whole or in part in any form or manner without the prior express written consent of Maybank IBG and Maybank IBG and its Representatives accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.

This report is not directed to or intended for distribution to or use by any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation. This report is for distribution only under such circumstances as may be permitted by applicable law. The securities described herein may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain categories of investors. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the reader is to note that additional disclaimers, warnings or qualifications may apply based on geographical location of the person or entity receiving this report.

Malaysia

Opinions or recommendations contained herein are in the form of technical ratings and fundamental ratings. Technical ratings may differ from fundamental ratings as technical valuations apply different methodologies and are purely based on price and volume-related information extracted from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad in the equity analysis.

Singapore

This report has been produced as of the date hereof and the information herein may be subject to change. Maybank Research Pte. Ltd. ("MRPL") in Singapore has no obligation to update such information for any recipient. For distribution in Singapore, recipients of this report are to contact MRPL in Singapore in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, this report. If the recipient of this report is not an accredited investor, expert investor or institutional investor (as defined under Section 4A of the Singapore Securities and Futures Act), MRPL shall be legally liable for the contents of this report, with such liability being limited to the extent (if any) as permitted by law.

Thailand

Except as specifically permitted, no part of this presentation may be reproduced or distributed in any manner without the prior written permission of Maybank Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited. Maybank Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited. Maybank Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited ("MST") accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.

Due to different characteristics, objectives and strategies of institutional and retail investors, the research products of MST Institutional and Retail Research departments may differ in either recommendation or target price, or both. MST reserves the rights to disseminate MST Retail Research reports to institutional investors who have requested to receive it. If you are an authorised recipient, you hereby tacitly acknowledge that the research reports from MST Retail Research are first produced in Thai and there is a time lag in the release of the translated English version.

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the market for Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information. The survey result is as of the date appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey may be changed after that date. MST does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

The disclosure of the Anti-Corruption Progress Indicators of a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which is assessed by Thaipat Institute, is made in order to comply with the policy and sustainable development plan for the listed companies of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Thaipat Institute made this assessment based on the information received from the listed company, as stipulated in the form for the assessment of Anti-corruption which refers to the Annual Registration Statement (Form 56-1), Annual Report (Form 56-2), or other relevant documents or reports of such listed company. The assessment result is therefore made from the perspective of Thaipat Institute that is a third party. It is not an assessment of operation and is not based on any inside information. Since this assessment result as of the date appearing in the assessment result, it may be changed after that date or when there is any change to the relevant information. Nevertheless, MST does not confirm, verify, or certify the accuracy and completeness of the assessment result.

US

This third-party research report is distributed in the United States ("US") to Major US Institutional Investors (as defined in Rule 15a-6 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) only by Wedbush Securities Inc. ("Wedbush"), a broker-dealer registered in the US (registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). All responsibility for the distribution of this report by Wedbush in the US shall be borne by Wedbush. This report is not directed at you if Wedbush is prohibited or restricted by any legislation or regulation in any jurisdiction from making it available to you. You should satisfy yourself before reading it that Wedbush is permitted to provide research material concerning investments to you under relevant legislation and regulations. All U.S. persons receiving and/or accessing this report and wishing to effect transactions in any security mentioned within must do so with: Wedbush Securities Inc. 1000 Wilshire Blvd, Los Angeles, California 90017, +1 (646) 604-4232 and not with the issuer of this report.



UK

This document is being distributed by Maybank Securities (London) Ltd ("MSUK") which is authorized and regulated, by the Financial Conduct Authority and is for Informational Purposes only. This document is not intended for distribution to anyone defined as a Retail Client under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 within the UK. Any inclusion of a third party link is for the recipients convenience only, and that the firm does not take any responsibility for its comments or accuracy, and that access to such links is at the individuals own risk. Nothing in this report should be considered as constituting legal, accounting or tax advice, and that for accurate guidance recipients should consult with their own independent tax advisers.

DISCLOSURES

Legal Entities Disclosures

Malaysia: This report is issued and distributed in Malaysia by Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (15938- H) which is a Participating Organization of Bursa Malaysia Berhad and a holder of Capital Markets and Services License issued by the Securities Commission in Malaysia. Singapore: This report is distributed in Singapore by MRPL (Co. Reg No 198700034E) which is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Indonesia: PT Maybank Sekuritas Indonesia ("PTMSI") (Reg. No. KEP-251/PM/1992) is a member of the Indonesia Stock Exchange and is regulated by the Financial Services Authority (Indonesia). Thailand: MST (Reg. No.0107545000314) is a member of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and is regulated by the Ministry of Finance and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Philippines: Maybank Securities Inc (Reg. No.01-2004-00019) is a member of the Philippines Stock Exchange and is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Vietnam: Maybank Securities Limited (License Number: 117/GP-UBCK) is licensed under the State Securities Commission of Vietnam. Hong Kong: MIB Securities (Hong Kong) Limited (Central Entity No AAD284) is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission. India: MIB Securities India Private Limited ("MIBSI") is a participant of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the Bombay Stock Exchange and is regulated by Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (Reg. No. INZ000010538). MIBSI is also registered with SEBI as Category 1 Merchant Banker (Reg. No. INM 000011708) and as Research Analyst (Reg No: INH000000057). UK: Maybank Securities (London) Ltd (Reg No 2377538) is authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Disclosure of Interest

Malaysia: Maybank IBG and its Representatives may from time to time have positions or be materially interested in the securities referred to herein and may further act as market maker or may have assumed an underwriting commitment or deal with such securities and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services, advisory and other services for or relating to those companies.

Singapore: As of 2 January 2024, Maybank Research Pte. Ltd. and the covering analyst do not have any interest in any companies recommended in this research report.

Thailand: MST may have a business relationship with or may possibly be an issuer of derivative warrants on the securities /companies mentioned in the research report. Therefore, Investors should exercise their own judgment before making any investment decisions. MST, its associates, directors, connected parties and/or employees may from time to time have interests and/or underwriting commitments in the securities mentioned in this report.

Hong Kong: As of 2 January 2024, MIB Securities (Hong Kong) Limited and the authoring analyst do not have any interest in any companies recommended in this research report.

India: As of 2 January 2024, and at the end of the month immediately preceding the date of publication of the research report, MIBSI, authoring analyst or their associate / relative does not hold any financial interest or any actual or beneficial ownership in any shares or having any conflict of interest in the subject companies except as otherwise disclosed in the research report. In the past twelve months MIBSI and authoring analyst or their associate did not receive any compensation or other benefits from the subject companies or third party in connection with the research report on any account what so ever except as otherwise disclosed in the research report.

Maybank IBG may have, within the last three years, served as manager or co-manager of a public offering of securities for, or currently may make a primary market in issues of, any or all of the entities mentioned in this report or may be providing, or have provided within the previous 12 months, significant advice or investment services in relation to the investment concerned or a related investment and may receive compensation for the services provided from the companies covered in this report.

OTHERS

Analyst Certification of Independence

The views expressed in this research report accurately reflect the analyst's personal views about any and all of the subject securities or issuers; and no part of the research analyst's compensation was, is or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed in the report.

Reminder

Structured securities are complex instruments, typically involve a high degree of risk and are intended for sale only to sophisticated investors who are capable of understanding and assuming the risks involved. The market value of any structured security may be affected by changes in economic, financial and political factors (including, but not limited to, spot and forward interest and exchange rates), time to maturity, market conditions and volatility and the credit quality of any issuer or reference issuer. Any investor interested in purchasing a structured product should conduct its own analysis of the product and consult with its own professional advisers as to the risks involved in making such a purchase.

No part of this material may be copied, photocopied or duplicated in any form by any means or redistributed without the prior consent of Maybank IBG.

Definition of Ratings

Maybank IBG Research uses the following rating system

BUY
Return is expected to be above 10% in the next 12 months (including dividends)
HOLD
Return is expected to be between 0% to 10% in the next 12 months (including dividends)
SELL
Return is expected to be below 0% in the next 12 months (including dividends)

Applicability of Ratings

The respective analyst maintains a coverage universe of stocks, the list of which may be adjusted according to needs. Investment ratings are only applicable to the stocks which form part of the coverage universe. Reports on companies which are not part of the coverage do not carry investment ratings as we do not actively follow developments in these companies.



Malaysia

Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (A Participating Organisation of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad) 33rd Floor, Menara Maybank, 100 Jalan Tun Perak, 50050 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: (603) 2059 1888; Fax: (603) 2078 4194

Stockbroking Business: Level 8, Tower C, Dataran Maybank,

No.1, Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (603) 2297 8888 Fax: (603) 2282 5136

Singapore

Maybank Securities Pte Ltd Maybank Research Pte Ltd 50 North Canal Road Singapore 059304

Tel: (65) 6336 9090

Indonesia

PT Maybank Sekuritas Indonesia Sentral Senayan III, 22nd Floor Jl. Asia Afrika No. 8 Gelora Bung Karno, Senayan Jakarta 10270, Indonesia

Tel: (62) 21 2557 1188 Fax: (62) 21 2557 1189

Thailand

Maybank Securities (Thailand) PCL 999/9 The Offices at Central World, 20th - 21st Floor, Rama 1 Road Pathumwan. Bangkok 10330, Thailand

Tel: (66) 2 658 6801 (research)

Tel: (66) 2 658 6817 (sales)

Sales Trading

Indonesia Helen Widjaja helen.widjaja@maybank.com (62) 21 2557 1188

Philippines Keith Roy keith_roy@maybank.com Tel: (63) 2 848-5288

London

Greg Smith gsmith@maybank.com Tel: (44) 207-332-0221

Sanjay Makhija sanjaymakhija@maybank.com Tel: (91)-22-6623-2629

London

Maybank Securities (London) Ltd PNB House 77 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4AY, UK

Tel: (44) 20 7332 0221 Fax: (44) 20 7332 0302

India

MIB Securities India Pte Ltd 1101, 11th floor, A Wing, Kanakia Wall Street, Chakala, Andheri -Kurla Road, Andheri East, Mumbai City - 400 093, India

Tel: (91) 22 6623 2600 Fax: (91) 22 6623 2604

Vietnam

Maybank Securities Limited Floor 10, Pearl 5 Tower, 5 Le Quy Don Street, Vo Thi Sau Ward, District 3 Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Tel: (84) 28 44 555 888 Fax: (84) 28 38 271 030

Hong Kong

MIB Securities (Hong Kong) Limited 28/F, Lee Garden Three, 1 Sunning Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2268 0800 Fax: (852) 2877 0104

Philippines

Maybank Securities Inc 17/F, Tower One & Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City, Philippines 1200

Tel: (63) 2 8849 8888 Fax: (63) 2 8848 5738

www.maybank.com/investment-banking www.maybank-keresearch.com